## Name:

1. Set Operations. Let $\mathbb{R}$ be the set of all real numbers and let $\bar{A}$ indicate the complement of the set $A$. We define the sets $A, B$ and $C$ as follows:

$$
A=\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 5 \leq x \leq 13\} \quad B=\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 2<x<11\} \quad C=\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 9<x \leq 19\}
$$

Describe the following sets:
a. $A \cup B$
b. $A \cap C$
c. $\bar{A} \cup \bar{B}$
d. $A \cap \bar{B}$
e. $\overline{A \cup C}$
2. Graph Definition. Consider a graph $G$. Let $X$ be a subset of the vertices in $G$. We say that $X$ is a dominating set if every vertex in $G$ is either already in $X$ or is connected by an edge to a vertex that is in $X$.
a. In the graph below, find a dominating set $X$ with 4 vertices. List the vertices here:

$$
X=\{\quad\}
$$

b. Briefly explain why these 4 vertices satisfy the definition of dominating set.
c. Does this graph have a dominating set with fewer than 4 vertices? Explain your answer.


