## From Strings to Things: KELVIN in TAC KBP and EDL

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## Kelvin

- KELVIN: Knowledge Extraction, Linking, Validation and Inference

- Developed at the Human Language Technology Center of Excellence at JHU and used in TAC KBP (2010-17), EDL (2015-17) and other projects
- Takes English, Chinese \& Spanish documents and produce a knowledge graph in several formats
- We'll review its monolingual processing, look at the multi-lingual use case


## NIST TAC

## NIST Text Analysis Conference

- Annual evaluation workshops since 2008 on natural language processing \& related applications with large test collections and common evaluation procedures
- Knowledge Base Population (KBP) tracks focus on building KBs from information extracted from text
- Cold Start KBP: construct a KB from text
- Entity discovery \& linking: cluster and link entity mentions
- Slot filling
- Slot filler validation
- Sentiment
- Events: discover and cluster events in text


## NIST TAC Cold Start



When Lisa's mother
Marge Simpson went
to a weekend
getaway at Rancho
Relaxo, the movie
The Happy Little
Elves Meet Fuzzy
Snuggleduck was one
of the R-rated european adult movies available on their cable channels.

After two years in
the academic
quagmire of
Springfield
Elementary, Lisa
finally has a teacher that she connects with. But she soon learns that the problem with being middle-class is that

When Lisa's mother Marge Simpson went to a weekend getaway at Rancho Relaxo, the movie The Happy Little Elves Meet Fuzzy Snuggleduck was one of the R-rated european adult movies available on their cable channels.

After two years in the academic quagmire of Springfield Elementary, Lisa finally has a teacher that she connects with. But she soon learns that the problem with being middle-class is that

Homer Simpson


Marge Simpson
Springfield



Bart Simpson

When Lisa's mother Marge Simpson went to a weekend getaway at Rancho Relaxo, the movie The Happy Little Elves Meet Fuzzy Snuggleduck was one of the R-rated european adult movies available on their cable channels.

After two years in the academic quagmire of Springfield Elementary, Lisa finally has a teacher that she connects with. But she soon learns that the problem with being middle-class is that
Bottomless Pete, Nature's CRUELEST MISTAKE

Homer Simpson

Springfield Elementary
per:schools_attended

## Entity-Valued Relations

## Relation

## Inverse(s)

per:children
per:other_family
per:parents
per:siblings
per:spouse
per: employee_of
per:member_of
per:schools_attended
per:city_of_birth
per:stateorprovince_of_birth
per: country_of_birth
per:cities_of_residence
per:statesorprovinces_of_residence
per:countries_of_residence
per:city_of_death
per:stateorprovince_of_death
per: country_of_death
org:shareholders
org: founded_by
org:top_members_employees
\{org,gpe\}:member_of
org:members
org:parents
org:subsidiaries
org:city_of_headquarters
org:stateorprovince_of_headquarters
org: country_of_headquarters
per:parents
per:other_family
per:children
per:siblings
per:spouse
\{org,gpe\}:employees*
org:membership*
org:students*
gpe:births_in_city*
gpe:births_in_stateorprovince*
gpe:births_in_country*
gpe:residents_of_city*
gpe:residents_of_stateorprovince
gpe:residents_of_country*
gpe:deaths_in_city*
gpe:deaths_in_stateorprovince*
gpe:deaths_in_country*
\{per,org,gpe\}:holds_shares_in*
\{per,org,gpe\}:organizations_founded*
per:top_member_employee_of*
org:members
\{org, gpe\}:member_of
\{org,gpe\}:subsidiaries
org:parents
gpe:headquarters_in_city*
gpe:headquarters_in_stateorprovince*
gpe:headquarters_in_country*

## String-Filled Relations

```
per:alternate_names
per:date_of_birth
per:age
per:origin
per:date_of_death
per:cause_of_death
per:title
per:religion
per:charges
```

org:alternate_names
org:political_religious_affiliation
org:number_of_employees_members
org:date_founded
org:date_dissolved
org:website

## Cold Start

## Schema

per:children
per:other_family
per:parents
per:siblings
per:spouse
per: employee_of
per:member_of
per:schools_attended
per:city_of_birth
per:stateorprovince_of_birth
per:country_of_birth
per:cities_of_residence
per:statesorprovinces_of_reside nce
per:countries_of_residence
per:city_of_death
per:stateorprovince_of_death
per: country_of_death
org:shareholders
org: founded_by

## The Task

## You are given:

## Schema

per:children
per:other_family
per:parents
per:siblings
per:spouse
per: employee_o
per:schools_attended
per:city_of birth
per::stateorprovince_of_bi
rth
per: country_of_birth
per:cities_of_residence
per:cities_of_residence
per:statesorprovinces_of_
residence residence
per: countries_of_residenc
per:city_of_death
per:stateorprovince_of_de
ath
per: country_of_death

When Lisa's mother
Marge Simpson went to a weekend getaway at Rancho Relaxo, the movie The Happy Little
Elves Meet Fuzzy Snuggleduck was one of the R-rated european adult movies available on their cable channels.

## Schema

per:children
per:other_family
per:parents
per:spouse
per: pmpl oye
per: employber_of
per:member_of
per:schools_attende per:city_of_birth per:stateorprovince_of_b
irth per:cities_of_residence per:statesorprovinces_of per:stateso
per:countries_of_residen
ce per:city_of_death
per:stateorprovince_of_d eath
per: country_of_death

## You Must Produce:



When Lisa's mother Marge Simpson went to a weekend getaway at Rancho Relaxo, the movie The Happy Little Elves Meet Fuzzy Snuggleduck was one of the R-rated european adult movies available on their cable channels.

BOTTOMLESS PETE, NATURE'S CRUELEST MISTAKE
per:alternate_names
Homer Simpson

Springfield Elementary


## How do you know that your KB is any good?



How do you know that your KB is any good?

## Align it to a ground truth KB



How do you know that your KB is any good?

## Align it to a ground truth KB

But how are you going to produce ground truth? And wouldn't the alignment be intractable anyway if the KB were of any reasonable size?

## Where did the children of Marge Simpson go to school?




## Sample Evaluation

## Queries

| Query Entity | First Relation | Second Relation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adriana Petryna | per:title |  |
| Blackstone Group | org:founded_by |  |
| William Shore | per:organizations_founded | org:date_founded |
| Wistar Institute | org:employees | per:title |
| Andrew W. Mellon | per:children | per:organizations_founded |
| Lycee Alliance Israelite <br> Universelle | org:employees | per:schools_attended |
| Tsitsi Jaji | per:schools_attended | org:students |

## 2016 TAC Cold Start KBP

- Read 90K documents: newswire articles \& social media posts in English, Chinese and Spanish
- Find entity mentions, types and relations
- Cluster entities within/across documents, link to reference KB when possible (which George Bush)
- Remove errors (Obama born in Illinois), draw sound inferences (Malia and Sasha sisters)
- Create knowledge graph with provenance data for entities, mentions and relations


## 2016 TAC Cc

- Read 90k Nocu <DOC id="APW_ENG_20 M <HEADLINE> Divorce attorney says De
- Fi </HEADLINE> <DATELINE> LOS ANGELES 2010-03-2

WIKI:Dennis_Hopper link
type
type

## 2016 TAC Cc

FB:m.02fn5

- Read 90k dncu <DOC id="APW_NG_201 <HEADLINE> Divorce attorney says De
- Fi </HEADLINE> <DATELINE> IOS ANGFIFS 7010-03-つ

WIKI:Dennis_Hopper link
link
link type spouse
"Dennis Hopper" mention
:e11
aqe
mention
:e00211 a kbp:per;
kbp:mention "Hopper", "Dennis Hopper";
kbp:spouse:e00217;
kbp:age "72";
kbp:link "m.02fn5"; ...
[ ]ea rdf:statement;
rdf:subject :e00211;
rdf:predicate "kbp:mention"
rdf:object "Hopper";
kbp: document "APW_021";
kbp: provenance "APW_021:507-512", "APW_021:618-623".

## KB Evaluation Methodology

- Evaluating KBs extracted from 90K documents is non-trivial
- TAC's approach is simplified by:
- Fixing the ontology of entity types and relations - Specifying a serialization as triples + provenance - Sampling a KB using a set of queries grounded in an entity mention found in a document
- Given a KB, we can evaluate its precision and recall for a set of queries


## KB Evaluation Methodology

- A query: What are the names of schools attended by the children of the entity mentioned in document \#45611 at characters 401-412
- That mention is George Bush and the document context suggests it refers to the $41^{\text {st }}$ U.S. president
- Query given in structured form using TAC ontology
- Assessors determine good answers in corpus and check submitted results using their provenance
- Answers: entities for Yale, Harvard, Tulane, UT Austin, Univ. of Virginia, Boston College, ...


## TAC Ontology

- Five basic entity types
- PER: people (John Lennon) or groups (Americans)
- ORG: organizations like IBM, MIT or US Senate
- GPE: geopolitical entity like Boston, Belgium or Europe
- LOC: locations like Lake Michigan or the Rockies
- FAC: facilities like BWI or the Empire State Building
- Entity Mentions
- Strings referencing entities by name (Barack Obama), description (the President) or pronoun (his)
- ~65 relations
- Relations hold between two entities: parent_of, spouse, employer, founded_by, city_of_birth, ...
- Or between an entity \& string: age, website, title, cause_of_death, ...


# TAC and COE Ontologies 



## Our ontology has official TAC types/relations and many more we capture from tools and infer from the data

# Monlingual Kelvin 

## Kelvin

- KELVIN: Knowledge Extraction, Linking, Validation and Inference

- Developed at the Human Language Technology Center of Excellence at JHU and used in TAC KBP (2010-17), EDL (2015-17) and other projects
- Takes English, Chinese \& Spanish documents and produce a knowledge graph in several formats
- We'll review its monolingual processing, look at the multi-lingual use case


## 1 Information Extraction

- Process documents in parallel on a grid, applying information extraction tools to find mentions, entities, relations and events
- Produce an Apache Thrift object for each document with text and relevant data produced by tools using a common Concrete
5 MAT schema for NLP data



## 2 Integrating NLP data

Process Concrete objects in parallel to:

- Integrate data from tools (e.g., Stanford, Serif)
- Fix problems, e.g., trim mentions, find missed mentions, deconflict tangled mention chains, ...
- Extract relations from events (life.born => date and place of birth)
- Map relations found by open IE systems to TAC ontology ("is engineer at" => per:employee_of)
- Map schema to extended TAC ontology 30K ENG: 430K entities; 1.8M relations


## documents <br> 3 Kripke: Cross-Doc Coref



2

- Cross-document co-reference creates initial KB from a set of single-document KBs
- Identify that Barack Obama entity in DOC32 is same individual as Obama in DOC342, etc.
- Language agnostic; works well for ENG, CMN, SPA document collections
- Uses entity type and mention strings and context of co-mentioned entities
- Untrained, agglomerative clustering

30K ENG: 210K entities; 1.2M relations

## 4 Inference and adjudication

Reasoning to

- Delete relations violating ontology constraints
- Person can't be born in an organization
-Person can't be her own parent or spouse
- Infer missing relations
-Two people sharing a parent are siblings
$-X$ born in place $P_{1}, P_{1}$ part of $P_{2}=>X$ born in $P_{2}$
-Person probably citizen of their country of birth
-A CFO is a per:top_level_employee


## Entity Linking

- Try to links entities to reference KB, a subset of Freebase with
$-\sim 4.5 \mathrm{M}$ entities and $\sim 150 \mathrm{M}$ triples
- Names and text in English, Spanish and Chinese
- Don't link if no matches, poor matches or ambiguous matches

5 MAT


KBs

## KB-level merging rules

documents


2

- Merge entities of same type linked to same KB entity
- Merge cities in same region with same name
- Highly discriminative relations give evidence of sameness
- per:spouse is few to few
- org:top_level_employee is few to few
- Merge PERs with similar names who were - Both married to the same person, or - Both CEOs of the same company, or ...


## Slot Value Consolidation

documents

30K ENG: 183K entities; 2.1M relations


## Materialize KB versions

- Encode KB in your favorite database or graph store
- We use the RDF/OWL Semantic Web technology stack


# Multi-lingual Kelvin 

## Multilingual KBP

－Many examples where facts from different languages combine to answer queries or support inference
Q：Who lives in the same city as Bodo Elleke？
A：Frank Ribery aka Franck Ribéry aka 里贝里
－Why we know both live in Munich：
1．：e8 gpe：residents＿of＿city ：e23 ENG＿3：3217－3235
．．．said the younger Bodo Elleke，who was born in Schodack in 1930 and is now a retired architect who lives in Munich．

2．：e8 gpe：residents＿of＿city ：e25 CMN．．．OUTJ：292－361
拉霍伊在接受西班牙国家电台的采访时肯定，今年的三位金球奖热门候选人中，梅西＂度过了一个出色的赛季＂，而拜仁慕尼黑球员里贝里则＂赢得了一切＂
－Kripke merged entities with mentions Frank Ribery， Franck Ribéry \＆里贝里

## Monolingual to Multilingual Kelvin



Zoom in on our cross-doc co-ref step

- Concatenate document-level KBs to form a DOC кв as input to Kripke
- Kripke outputs a set of CLUSTERS defining an equivalence relation
- Merger uses clusters to combine DOC кв entities, yielding the initial KB
- We use the doc кв and clusters from each language to create an initial multilingual KB

CMN DOC KB \& CLUSTERS


- Kripke computes CLUSTERS for combined multilingual DOC KBS


## Trilingual KBP \& EDL

SPA DOC кв \& CLUSTERS



CMN DOC KB \& CLUSTERS


Translating nonEnglish mentions to English, when possible enhances clustering

SPA DOC кв \& CLUSTERS


- Kripke computes CLUSTERS for combined monolingual DOC KBS
- Optionally translate non-English mentions

CMN DOC KB \& CLUSTERS


Combine the four cluster equivalence relations to produce on global one

Trilingual KBP \& EDL

ENG DOC KB \& CLUSTERS
SPA doc kb \& clusters


- Kripke computes

CLUSTERS for combined monolingual DOC KBS

- Optionally translate non-English mentions
- Use all four CLUSTERS to merge entities in the three DOC KBS


## Results

## 2016 TAC KBP Results

- For the 7 KB and 11 SF submissions, depending on metric (macro/micro avg), we placed $-1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ of 5 on XLING and were the only team to do all three languages
$-2^{\text {nd }}$ or $4^{\text {th }}$ of 18 on ENG depending on metric $-1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ of 4 on CMN depending on metric - We did poorly on SPA, finding few relations
- See workshop paper for details
- TAC EDL results are forthcoming


## 2016 TAC KBP Results

| Run | 0-hop |  |  |  | 1-hop |  |  |  | All-hop |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GT | R | W | D | GT | R | W | D | GT | R | W | D |
| E1 | 801 | 194 | 367 | 16 | 408 | 47 | 489 | 2 | 1209 | 241 | 856 | 18 |
| E2 | 801 | 185 | 313 | 16 | 408 | 41 | 356 | 2 | 1209 | 226 | 669 | 18 |
| E3 | 801 | 186 | 311 | 13 | 408 | 41 | 362 | 4 | 1209 | 227 | 673 | 17 |
| E4 | 801 | 186 | 393 | 12 | 408 | 40 | 919 | 2 | 1209 | 226 | 1312 | 14 |
| E5 | 801 | 195 | 366 | 15 | 408 | 47 | 489 | 2 | 1209 | 242 | 855 | 17 |
| C1 | 751 | 141 | 125 | 16 | 230 | 57 | 134 | 10 | 981 | 198 | 259 | 26 |
| C2 | 751 | 141 | 125 | 16 | 230 | 57 | 134 | 10 | 981 | 198 | 259 | 26 |
| C3 | 751 | 141 | 125 | 16 | 230 | 57 | 134 | 10 | 981 | 198 | 259 | 26 |
| C4 | 751 | 143 | 127 | 14 | 230 | 57 | 139 | 10 | 981 | 200 | 266 | 24 |
| S1 | 332 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 545 | 4 | 9 | 2 |
| S2 | 332 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 545 | 4 | 9 | 2 |
| S3 | 332 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 545 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| S4 | 332 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 545 | 4 | 9 | 2 |
| X1 | 4094 | 838 | 1177 | 96 | 1965 | 351 | 1956 | 52 | 6059 | 1189 | 3133 | 148 |
| X2 | 4094 | 713 | 1107 | 110 | 1965 | 272 | 1196 | 62 | 6059 | 985 | 2303 | 172 |
| X3 | 4094 | 697 | 936 | 116 | 1965 | 264 | 1021 | 65 | 6059 | 961 | 1957 | 181 |
| X4 | 4094 | 321 | 385 | 33 | 1965 | 106 | 490 | 17 | 6059 | 427 | 875 | 50 |

Ground-truth, right, wrong \& duplicate answers for 2016 KBP KB runs

## 2016 TAC KBP Results

|  | 0 -hop |  |  |  | 1-hop |  |  | All-hop |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Run | P | R | F1 | P | R | F1 | P | R | F1 |  |
| E1 | 0.3458 | 0.2422 | 0.2849 | 0.0877 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 1 5 2}$ | 0.0996 | 0.2197 | 0.1993 | 0.2090 |  |
| E2 | 0.3715 | 0.2310 | 0.2848 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 0 3 3}$ | 0.1005 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 5 2 5}$ | 0.1869 | 0.2148 |  |
| E3 | $\mathbf{0 . 3 7 4 2}$ | 0.2322 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 8 6 6}$ | 0.1017 | 0.1005 | 0.1011 | 0.2522 | 0.1878 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 1 5 3}$ |  |
| E4 | 0.3212 | 0.2322 | 0.2696 | 0.0417 | 0.0980 | 0.0585 | 0.1469 | 0.1869 | 0.1645 |  |
| E5 | 0.3476 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 4 3 4}$ | 0.2863 | 0.0877 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 1 5 2}$ | 0.0996 | 0.2206 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 0 0 2}$ | 0.2099 |  |
| C1 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 3 0 1}$ | 0.1877 | 0.2773 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 9 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 4 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 7 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 4 3 3 3}$ | 0.2018 | 0.2754 |  |
| C2 | 0.5301 | 0.1877 | 0.2773 | 0.2984 | 0.2478 | 0.2708 | 0.4333 | 0.2018 | 0.2754 |  |
| C3 | 0.5301 | 0.1877 | 0.2773 | 0.2984 | 0.2478 | 0.2708 | 0.4333 | 0.2018 | 0.2754 |  |
| C4 | 0.5296 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 9 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 8 0 1}$ | 0.2908 | 0.2478 | 0.2676 | 0.4292 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 0 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 7 6 4}$ |  |
| S1 | 0.3077 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 1 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0 2 3 2}$ | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3077 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 0 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 0 1 4 3}$ |  |
| S2 | 0.3077 | 0.0120 | 0.0232 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3077 | 0.0073 | 0.0143 |  |
| S3 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0 0 0}$ | 0.0090 | 0.0178 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0 0 0}$ | 0.0055 | 0.0109 |  |
| S4 | 0.3077 | 0.0120 | 0.0232 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3077 | 0.0073 | 0.0143 |  |
| X1 | 0.4159 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 0 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 7 4 3}$ | 0.1521 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 7 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1 6 4 3}$ | 0.2751 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 9 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 2 9 1}$ |  |
| X2 | 0.3918 | 0.1742 | 0.2411 | 0.1853 | 0.1384 | 0.1585 | 0.2996 | 0.1626 | 0.2108 |  |
| X3 | 0.4268 | 0.1702 | 0.2434 | $\mathbf{0 . 2 0 5 4}$ | 0.1344 | 0.1625 | $\mathbf{0 . 3 2 9 3}$ | 0.1586 | 0.2141 |  |
| X4 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 5 4 7}$ | 0.0784 | 0.1337 | 0.1779 | 0.0539 | 0.0828 | 0.3280 | 0.0705 | 0.1160 |  |

Micro precision, recall and F1 scores for 2016 KBP KB runs

## 2016 EDL XLING Results

|  | NER |  |  |  | Linking |  |  |  | Nil Linking |  |  | Clustering |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\#$ | pre | rec | F1 | pre | rec | F1 | pre | rec | F1 | pre | rec | F1 |  |  |
| 1 | 0.656 | 0.573 | 0.612 | 0.489 | 0.427 | 0.456 | 0.368 | 0.614 | 0.460 | 0.470 | 0.411 | 0.438 |  |  |
| 2 | 0.656 | 0.573 | 0.612 | 0.488 | 0.426 | 0.455 | 0.335 | 0.624 | 0.436 | 0.469 | 0.410 | 0.437 |  |  |
| 3 | 0.656 | 0.573 | 0.612 | 0.476 | 0.416 | 0.444 | 0.346 | 0.615 | 0.443 | 0.457 | 0.399 | 0.426 |  |  |
| 4 | 0.656 | 0.573 | 0.612 | 0.489 | 0.427 | 0.456 | 0.335 | 0.625 | 0.436 | 0.469 | 0.410 | 0.438 |  |  |
| 5 | 0.661 | 0.563 | 0.608 | 0.494 | 0.420 | 0.454 | 0.374 | 0.612 | 0.464 | 0.474 | 0.404 | 0.436 |  |  |

XLING run precision, recall and F1 measures for four key metrics: strong typed mention match (NER), strong all match (Linking), strong nil match (Nil), and mention ceaf plus (Clustering)

## 2016 Results Observations

- Overall XLING1 was best
- Variations for monolingual runs were similar - Using translated mentions for non-English helped - Using nominal mentions seemed to improve crossdoc co-ref slightly
- EDL scores (and maybe KBP) lowered by bug in our nominal mention trimming code; the nominal strings correctly identified but offsets were wrong $*$


## Kelvin Docker Container

- Problem: Kelvin is a large and complex system that's difficult to port to a new Unix environment, let alone a different OS
- Solution: We use Docker to virtualize Kelvin as several containers that can be run on any system that supports Docker
-e.g., most Unix systems, Mac OSX and Windows

Conclusion

## Lessons Learned

- We always have to mind precision \& recall
- Extracting information from text is inherently noisy; reading more text helps both
- Using machine learning at every level is important
- Making more use of probabilities will help
- Extracting information about a events is hard
- Recognizing the temporal extent of relations is important, but still a challenge


## Conclusion

- KBs help in extracting information from text
- The information extracted can update the KBs
- The KBs provide support for new tasks, such as question answering and speech interfaces
- We'll see this approach grow and evolve in the future
- New machine learning frameworks will result in better accuracy

