

# Symbolic Reasoning Logic and AI

## Chapters 7, 8.1-8.3, 9

## Logic roadmap overview

- Basic concepts, Hunt the Wumpus use case
- Propositional logic
  - Problems with propositional logic

#### • First-order logic

- Properties, relations, functions, quantifiers, ...
- Terms, sentences, wffs, axioms, theories, proofs, ...
- Variations and extensions to first-order logic

#### Logical agents

- Reflex agents
- Representing change: situation calculus, frame problem
- Preferences on actions
- Goal-based agents

#### For starters...



- What is knowledge?
- How can we represent knowledge?
- How can we use it to help understand the world, what people say, what we see?
- Possible example:
  - -All elephants are grey
  - -Clyde is an elephant
  - -What color is Dumbo?
- Logic as knowledge motivated by this example
- But there's much more to knowledge

# Disclaimer



# "Logic, like whiskey, loses its beneficial effect when taken in too large quantities."

- Lord Dunsany

# **Big Ideas**

- Logic: great knowledge representation (KR) language for many AI problems
- Propositional logic: simple foundation and fine for many AI problems
- First order logic (FOL): more expressive as a KR language; needed for many AI problems
- Variations on classical FOL are common: horn logic, higher-order logic, modal logic, threevalued logic, probabilistic logic, fuzzy logic, etc.

## Al Use Cases for Logic

Logic has many use cases even in a time dominated by deep learning, including these examples:

- Modeling and using knowledge in the Hunt the Wumpus game
- Allowing agents to develop complex plans to achieve a goal and create optimal plans
- Defining and using semantic <u>knowledge graphs</u> such as <u>schema.org</u> and <u>Wikidata</u>
- Supporting common sense reasoning
- Adding features to neural network systems

